

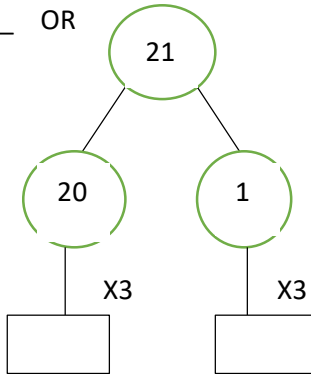


- L.O. multiply a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number
- S.C. understand multiplication as repeated addition
- use partitioning
- use equal jumps

1. If there are 21 coloured snooker balls on 1 table, how many coloured balls are there on 3 snooker tables?

$21 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$ OR $21 + 21 + 21 = \underline{\quad}$ OR

Tens	Ones
	
	
	

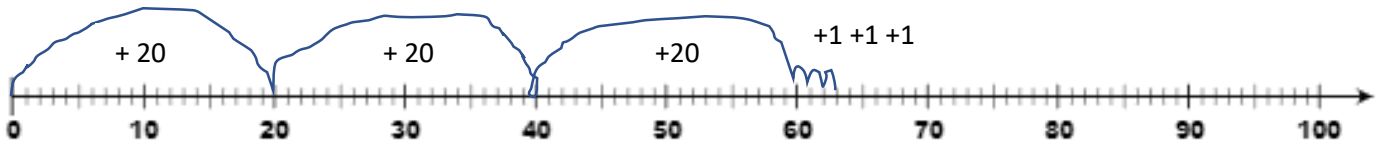


OR

X	20	1
3	60	3

$60 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

OR

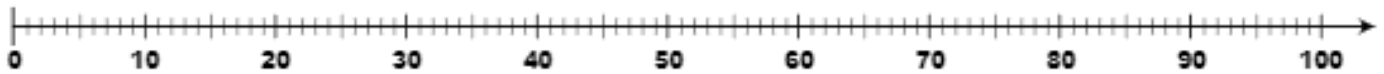


2. Complete the calculations to match the place value counters and try two other methods to solve $22 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$





Tens	Ones
	
	
	
	

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

X		



3. Use 3 different methods of multiplication to solve. $34 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

Tens	Ones
	
	

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

X		

